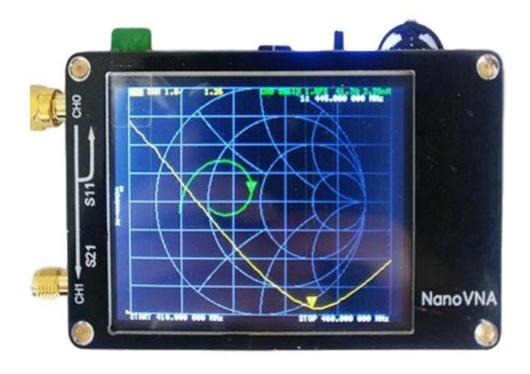


Introduction to the NanoVNA

Introduction to the Nano Vector Network Analyzer

Greg Algieri WA1JXR



Presentation Outline

- What is a Network? One Port, Two Port?
- How can we measure in RF networks? S-Parameters
- What is a Vector Network Analyzer?
- How does the Vector Network Analyzer work?
- Why do you need to Calibrate the Network Analyzer
- Short, Open, Load, Through Calibration Kit
- How to use the Nano VNA Menu and Displays
- Free PC software you can download and use
- . Typical measurement applicable to Ham Radio
- Nano VNA Demo board



Bio of WA1JXR

First licensed as WN1JXR in 1967

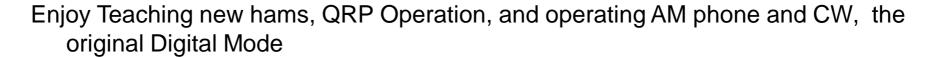
Upgraded to General and then Extra class

Ham radio lead me to a career in Electrical Engineering earning BSEE & MSEE from URI

Retired in Dec. 2019 from Raytheon Co. after 42 years where I worked as a Senior Principal RF/uW Electrical Design Engineer

Not Contester or DX chaser, just Rag Chew OP

Enjoy restoring 40's, 50's & 60's Old Tube Rigs

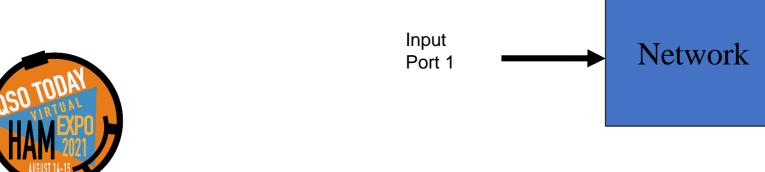


ARRL Western Mass Asst. Section Manager and ARRL WMA Technical Coordinator



What is a Network?

- **One Port Network**
 - **Typical One Port Network Devices**
 - **Amateur Antenna**
 - **RF Load**
 - **RF Transmission Line Open or Shorted** Stub

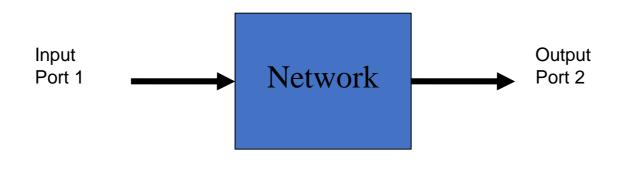




What is a Network?

- Two Port Network
 - Typical Two Port Network Devices
 - RF Amplifier
 - RF Transmission Line (Coax)
 - RF Filter
 - RF Phasing Stub Lines





Measuring RF Networks

- With low frequency Audio and IF circuits we can measure the input and output voltage and current. Z, Y, and h parameters.
- With RF circuits we can measure incident, reflected and transmitted power. S (scattering) parameters.

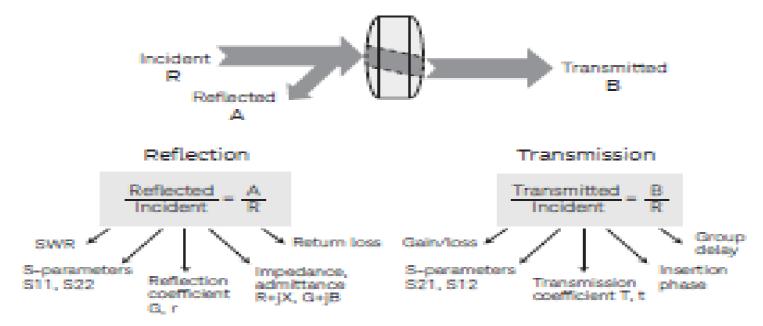
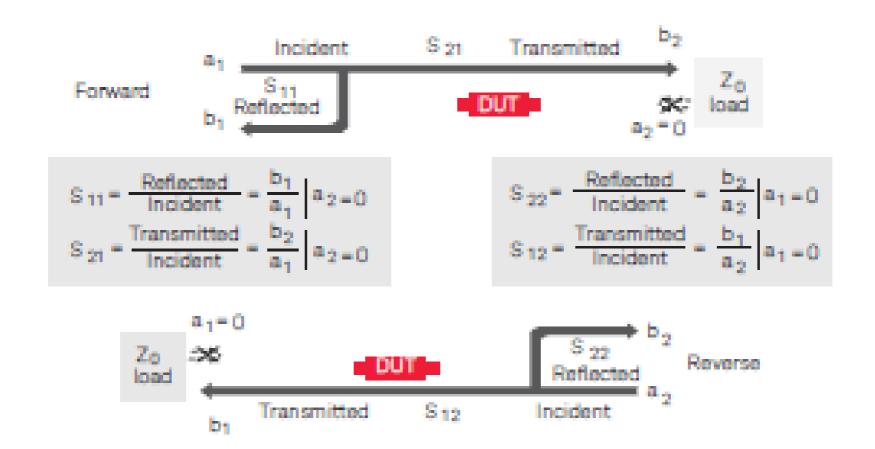


Figure 10. Common terms for high-frequency device characterization



Network S – Parameter Measurement

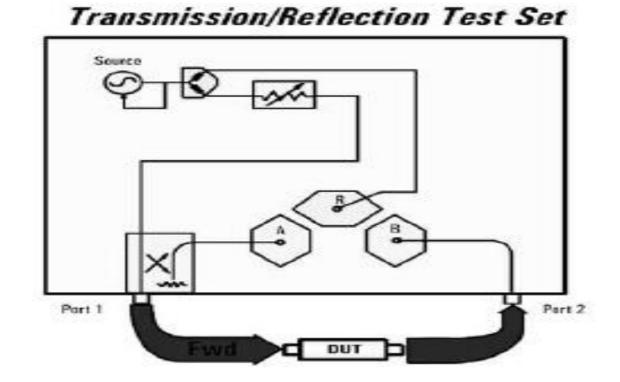
Forward (S11,S21) and Reverse (S22, S12) Measurements





How a Vector Network Analyzer works

A, B, & R are RF Measurement Receivers that measure signal magnitude (strength) and phase (phase of the measured signal compared to reference signal)





The Nano VNA

Controls and Connectors on the Nano VNA





The Nano VNA

Use of "Connector Savers" on the SMA Connectors



SMA Male to Female adapters on the two Ports of the Nano VNA is highly recommended to save wear and damage to the instrument ports from multiple connects and disconnects.



The Nano VNA Specifications

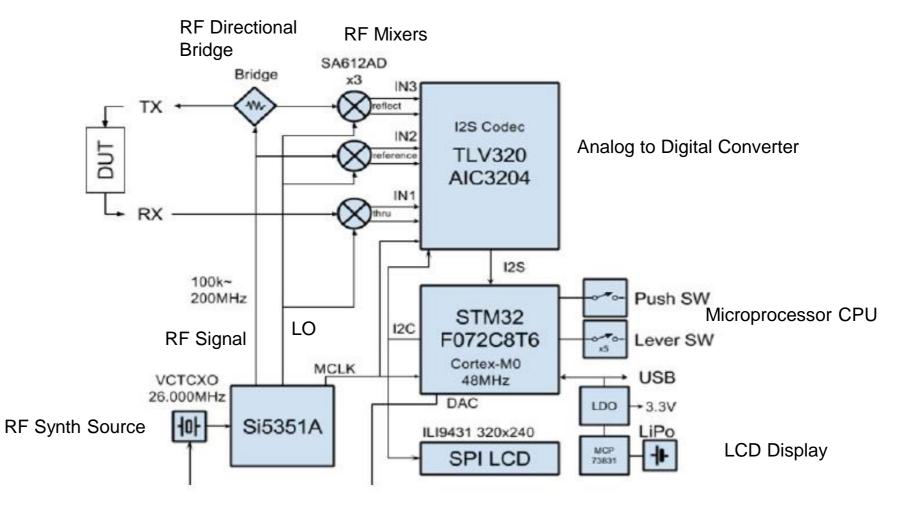
- Frequency range: 50kHz to 900MHz (300 900MHz with harmonics)
- RF output: -13dbm (maximum -9dbm), so approx. 0.1 mW
- Dynamic range: 70dB (50kHz 300MHz), 60dB (300MHz 600MHz),
 50dB (600MHz 900MHz)
- Display: 2.8 inch TFT, resolution 320x240 ... like the "new" Nokia 3310!
- USB interface: USB type C (power/charging + data connection to PC)
- Power: USB 5V 120mA, LiPo battery +/- 500 mAh
- Number of points : 101 (fixed)

 biggest disadvantage !
- Display: 4 traces, 4 markers + 5 memories for calibration & settings
 (C0-C4)
- Frequency error: < 0.5 ppm (e.g. 50 Hz error at 100 MHz)



Block Diagram of the Nano VNA

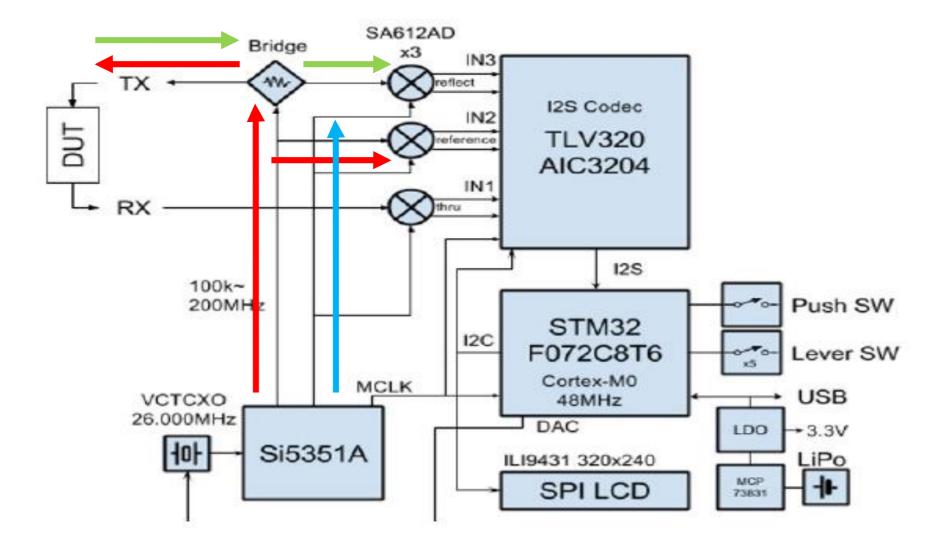
What's Inside





Block Diagram of the Nano VNA

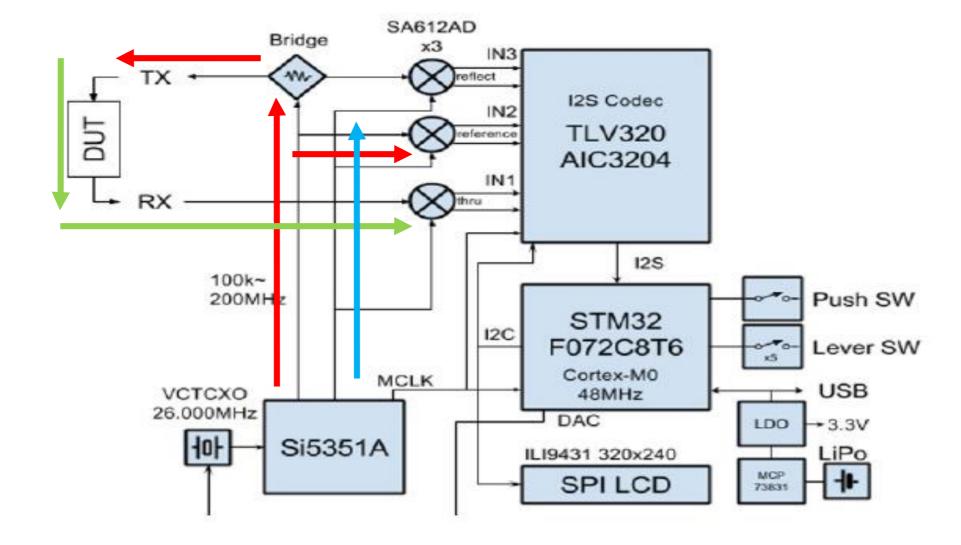
How it works – reflection measurement S11





Block Diagram of the Nano VNA

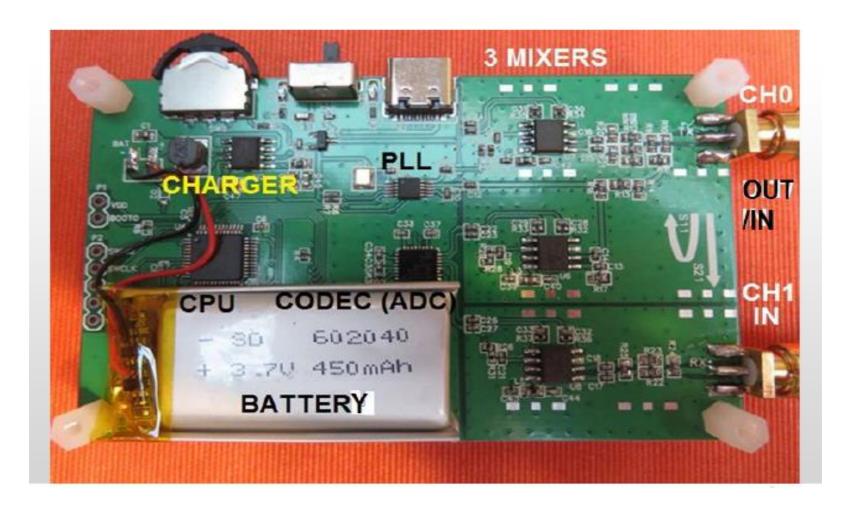
How it works – transmission measurement S21





The Nano VNA

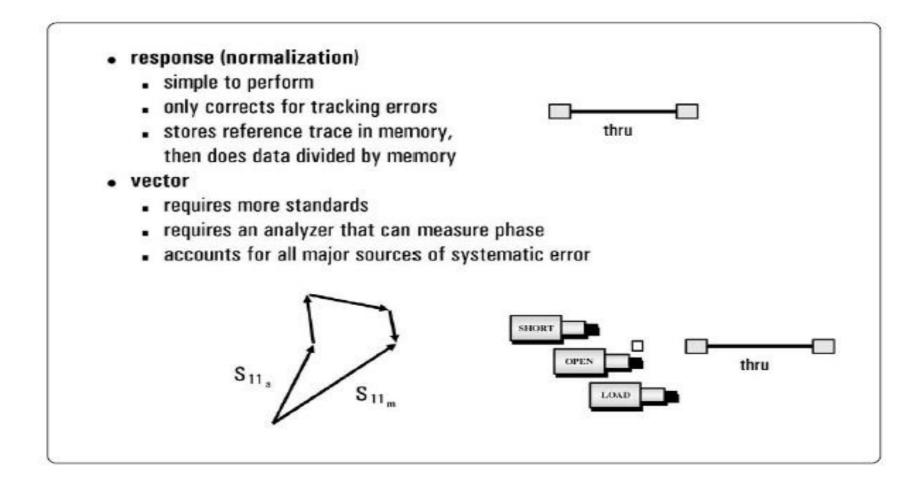
A look at the inside of the Nano VNA





Nano VNA Vector Calibration

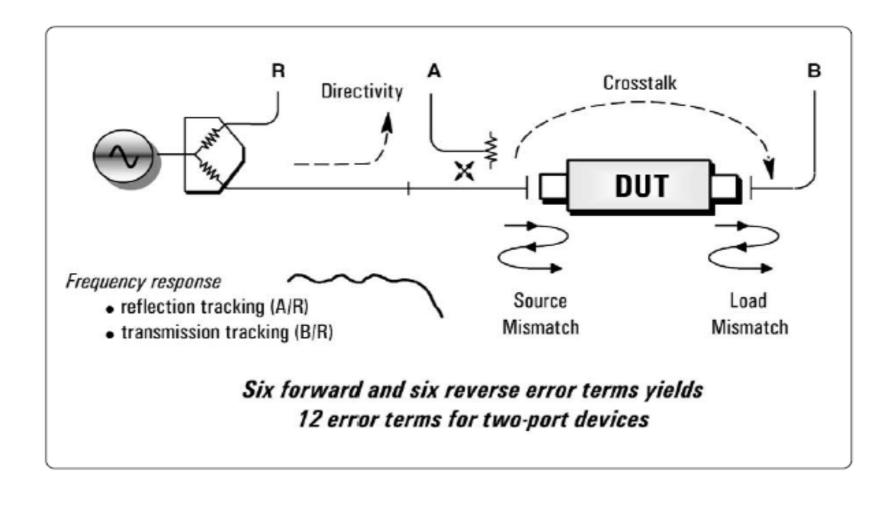
Short, Open, Load, Thru (SOLT) Calibration of Vector Network Analyzer





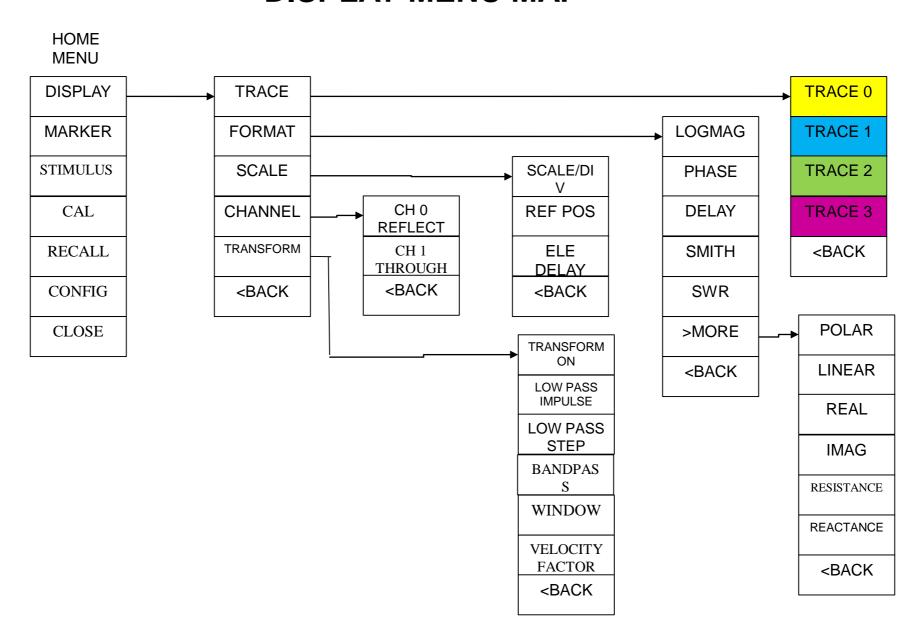
Calibration Error Terms

Vector Network Analyzer Calibration Error Terms



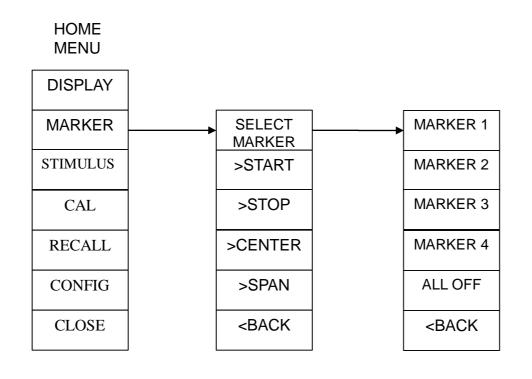


DISPLAY MENU MAP



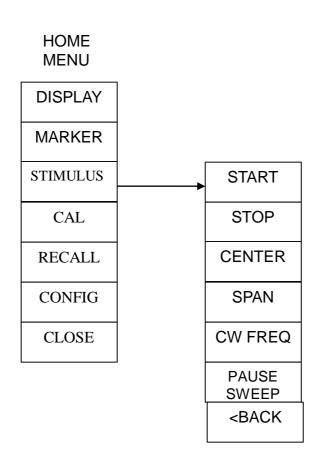


MARKER MENU MAP



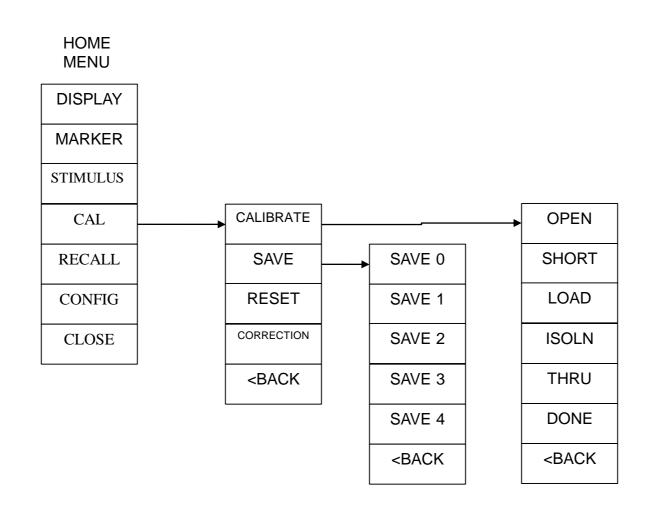


STIMULUS MENU MAP



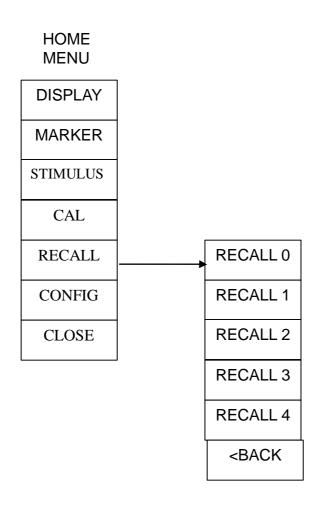


CALIBRATION MENU MAP



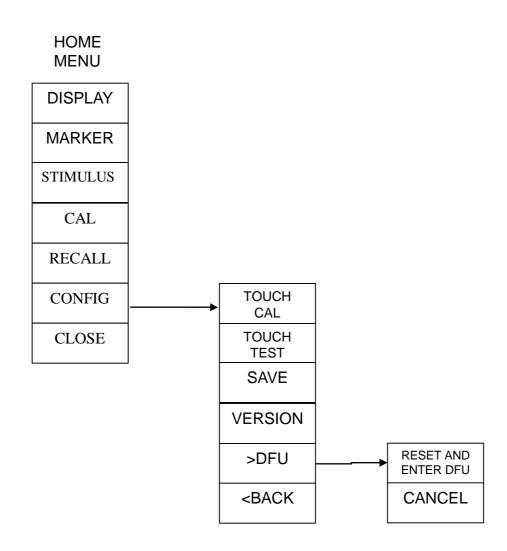


RECALL MENU MAP





CONFIG MENU MAP





Nano VNA Users Group

- Documentation that comes with the Nano VNA is almost nothing so you need to join the User Group
- nanovna-users@groups.io

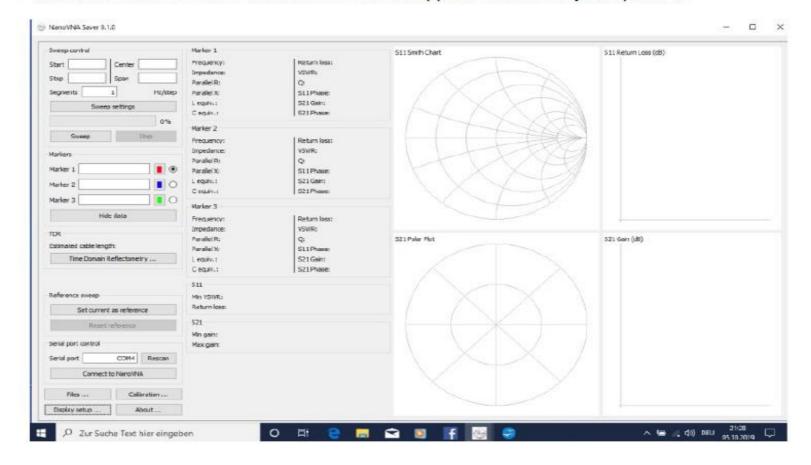




Nano VNA – Saver Software

NanoVNA - saver v0.2.0.exe

It can easily be copied to a USB stick and operated from there. After starting the program, wait 10 seconds because a dark DOS Screen appears followed by this picture:



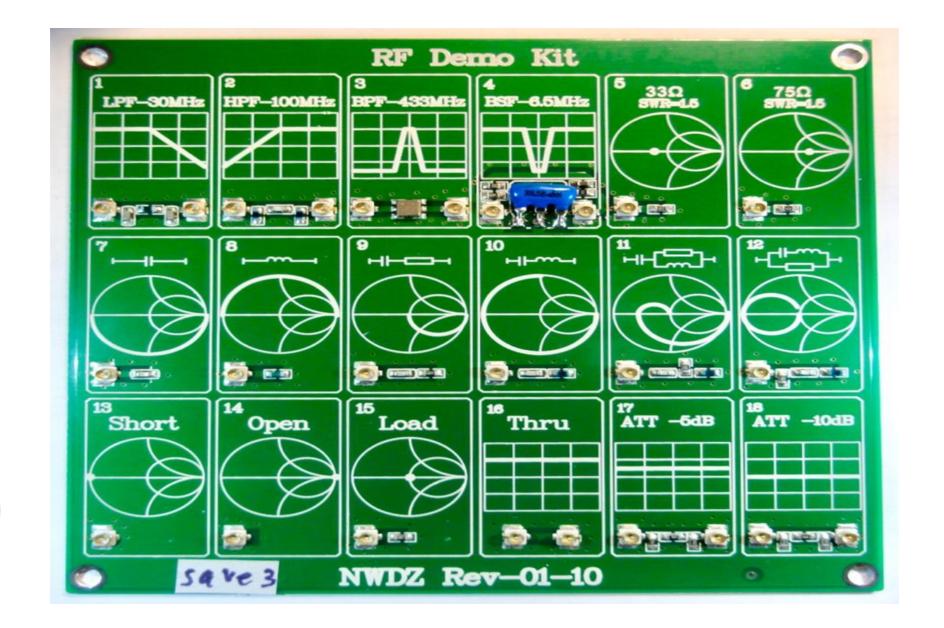


Typical Ham Radio Measurement with the Nano VNA

- Let's measure an antenna with the Nano VNA
- Remember an antenna is a 1-Port device
- Set the Start and Stop frequency to cover the frequency range of the antenna
- Calibrate the VNA with the Short, Open Load
- So connect the antenna to the TX Port on the VNA
- Set Display Trace to Trace 0
- Set the Trace format to SWR
- Read the SWR of the antenna over the freq. band



Nano VNA RF Demo Kit Board





Nano VNA RF Demo Kit Board

- Test fields, Diagram, Frequency span, Resonance
- 1. LPF-30 MHz S21 LogMag 10 MHz 150 MHz
- 2. HPF-100 MHz S21 LogMag 50 MHz 200 MHz
- 3. BPF-433 MHz S21 LogMag 400 MHz 470 MHz
- 4. BSF-6.5 MHz Ceramic S21 LogMag 5.5 MHz 7.5 MHz
- 5. 33R SWR = 1.5 S11 SWR-Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 6. 75R SWR = 1.5 S11 SWR-Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 7. Capacitor 115 pF S11 Smith 50 KHz 300 MHz
- 8. Inductor 470 nH S11 Smith 50 KHz 300 MHz
- 9. C--R 115 pF 50R S11 Smith 50 KHz 30 MHz



Nano VNA RF Demo Kit Board

- Test fields, Diagram, Frequency span, Resonance
- 10. C--L 18 pF 24 nH S11 Smith 50 KHz 300 MHz , 240 MHz
- 11. C-- R || L,100 pF, 0.4 nH S11 Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz, 800 MHz
- 12. R || C--L 50R S11 Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz, 500 MHz
- . 13. Short S11 Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 14. Open S11 Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 15. Load 50R S11 Smith 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 16. Thru S11 LogMag 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 17. Att -5 dB S21 LogMag 50 KHz 900 MHz
- 18. Att -10 dB S11 LogMag 50 KHz 900 MHz



The micro coax plug is named U.FL/IPX, 50 Ohm, about 2mm diameter. For more details see on Wikipedia.

Summary

- Hope this presentation provided you with what the Nano VNA is and how it works.
- How the Nano VNA can be used for Amateur Radio measurements.
- Where to get support for the Nano VNA.
- If you have questions after you can reach me via e-mail at wa1jxr@comcast.net or wa1jxr@arrl.net
- Questions??
- 73's Greg WA1JXR





Questions?

